

Learn Adjectives with -ed and -ing	the second	
Adjectives that end in -ed	Adjectives that end in -ing	
I'm so <b>tired</b> .	That race was <b>tiring</b> .	

I wasn't **excited** to see it. Were you **bored** at the game? That race was **tiring**. It wasn't a very **exciting** game. Was the game **boring**?



Learn Gerunds

The kids like **skipping**. **Winning** isn't easy. Is **cooking** difficult? He enjoys **swimming**. I don't enjoy **jogging**. Do you like **dancing**?

earn Can and Could	
Then	Now
We <b>could</b> go swimming.	I <b>can't</b> swim.
When I was four, I <b>couldn't</b> swim.	Now I'm eight, and I <b>can</b> swim!
<b>Could</b> you ride a bicycle when you were five years old?	<b>Can</b> you go ice skating in Mumbai?



## Learn Present Real Conditional

If I'm hungry, I have a snack. What do you do if you're hungry? When I'm not hungry, I don't have a snack.



I **was sitting** in the grass. The sun **wasn't shining**. They were eating lunch together. Was she walking?

## Learn Past Continuous and Simple Past

Mike was reading a book when he fell asleep.
Were you doing your homework when I called you? Yes, I was. No, I wasn't.
What were they doing when the bell rang? They were reading their books.





#### Learn Future Facts with Will

In two hours, it **will be** 4:00. She**'ll go** to bed tonight at 10:00. **Will** you **have** a birthday party? Yes, I **will**. No, I **won't**. Where **will** you **be** at 4:00 this afternoon? I**'ll be** at school. Contractions with **will** I will = **I'll** she will = **she'll** he will = **he'll** you will = **you'll** they will = **they'll** we will = **we'll** 

## **Learn** Future Plans with *Going to*

My mom **is going to give** me a skateboard. She **isn't going to see** her friends today because she's sick. **Are** you **going to study** for the science test tonight? Yes, I **am**. No, I'**m not**. Where **are** they **going to eat** dinner tonight?



#### Learn May and Might

It **may be** sunny tomorrow. This ball **might be** less expensive than that one. We **might have** time to play. We **may not have** enough juice.



# Learn Quantifiers

I only have **a little** wood and **a few** nails. I don't have **a lot of** nails. **How much** energy does a city need? It needs **lots of** energy. **How many** people are in your carpool? There are just **a few** people in our carpool.



## **Learn** Comparative and Superlative Adjectives

Comparative	Superlative
The guys in this magazine are <b>funnier</b> <b>than</b> I am.	He's <b>the tallest</b> boy in the class. That elephant is <b>the most deafening</b> of all the elephants in the zoo.
A trumpeting elephant is <b>more</b> deafening than that.	
Which is <b>sunnier</b> , Spain or England?	Which plays <b>the most elegant</b> music, a bassoon, a cello, or the timpani?

# **Learn** Comparative Adjectives with As

The ney is **as old as** the pyramids in Egypt. It's **not as pretty as** a flute. Is a violin **as big as** a cello?





earn Too or So and Either or Neither	\$ The second	
<b>Affirmative Statements</b>	Negative Statements	
Hammers and scissors are levers. Seesaws are levers, <b>too</b> .	The wedge <u>isn't</u> a new invention. The ramp <u>isn't</u> a new invention,	
<b>So</b> are seesaws.	either. Neither is the ramp.	
I speak English. I do, <b>too. So</b> do I.	He <u>didn't</u> call me. She didn't, <b>either</b> . <b>Neither</b> did she.	



# Learn Comparative and Superlative Adverbs

<b>Comparative Adverbs</b>	Superlative Adverbs
I came <b>earlier than</b> you.	Harry came <b>the earliest</b> .
Max answered <b>more carefully</b> <b>than</b> Ken.	Of the three students, Max answered <b>the most carefully</b> .
Who ran <b>faster</b> , Gina or Carol?	Who ran <b>the fastest</b> , Gina, Carol, or Miho?

#### Learn Measure Words

I bought a **box** of raisins and a **kilogram** of apples. We don't need a full **bag** of soil for this plant. How many **bottles** of water do we need? We need two **bottles** of water.



### Learn Adjectives with Prepositions

I'm very **happy with** your essay. I'm not **surprised at** (by) the disappearing forests. He's **good at** math. Is she **excited about** her new garden? What are you **interested in**? She **agrees with** your idea.



#### Learn Prepositions of Movement

Words for giving directions: from, to, down, up, out of, into, through, around

Go up to the deck.

More prepositions: over, under, along, across, back to, away from

Go **under** the bridge. Walk **along** the pond. Walk **away from** the park. Go **back to** the school.



earn Want to, Need to, Have to	*7
Need to / Have to	Want to
We <b>need to</b> drink water to stay alive.	I <b>don't want to</b> explore the cave.
They <b>had to</b> be on time.	He <b>wanted to</b> explore the world.
<b>Do</b> I <b>have to</b> wear a helmet? Yes, you <b>do</b> . No, you <b>don't</b> .	<b>Did</b> she <b>want to</b> go to school? Yes, she <b>did</b> . No, she <b>didn't</b> .
What <b>do</b> I <b>need to</b> wear? You <b>need to</b> wear boots.	What <b>did</b> they <b>want to</b> eat? They <b>wanted to</b> eat ice cream.